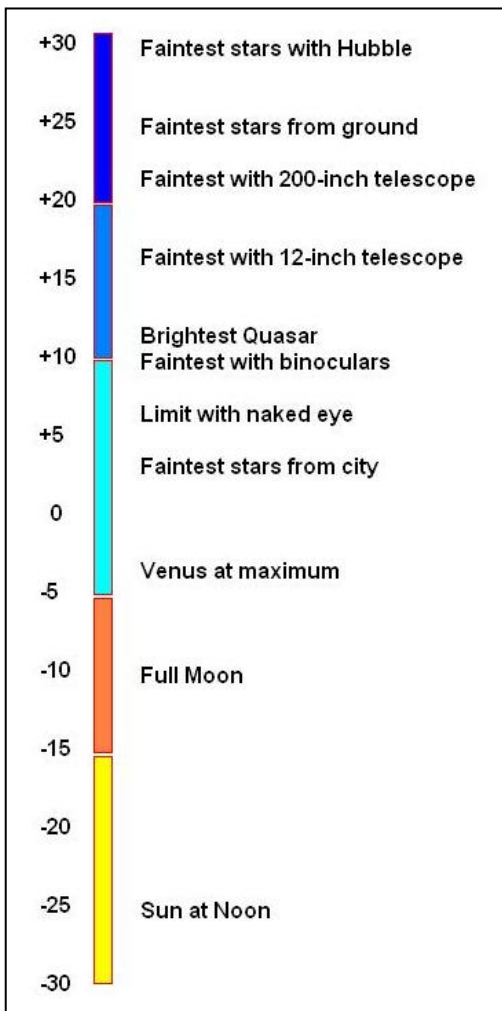




Astronomers measure the brightness of a star in the sky using a magnitude scale. On this scale, the brightest objects have the SMALLEST number and the faintest objects have the LARGEST numbers. It's a 'backwards' scale that astronomers inherited from the ancient Greek astronomer Hipparchus.

The image to the left taken by the Hubble Space Telescope shows hundreds of faint galaxies beyond the Milky Way. The faintest are of magnitude +25.0.



1 – At its brightest, the planet Venus has a magnitude of -4.6. The faintest star you can see with your eye has a magnitude of +7.2. How much brighter is Venus than the faintest visible star?

2 – The full moon has a magnitude of -12.6 while the brightness of the Sun is about -26.7. How many magnitudes fainter is the moon than the Sun?

3 – The faintest stars seen by astronomers with the Hubble Space Telescope are about +30.0. How much fainter are these stars than the Sun?

4 - Jupiter has a magnitude of -2.7 while its satellite, Callisto, has a magnitude of +5.7. How much fainter is the Callisto than Jupiter?

5 – Each step by 1 unit in magnitude equals a brightness change of 2.5 times. A star with a magnitude of +5.0 is 2.5 times fainter than a star with a magnitude of +4.0. Two stars that differ by 5.0 magnitudes are 100-times different in brightness. If Venus was observed to have a magnitude of +3.0 and the full moon had a magnitude of -12.0, how much brighter was the moon than Venus?

Answer Key

1 – At its brightest, the planet Venus has a magnitude of -4.6. The faintest star you can see with your eye has a magnitude of +7.2. How much brighter is Venus than the faintest visible star?

Answer: $+7.2 - (-4.6) = +7.2 + 4.6 = \mathbf{+11.8 \text{ magnitudes}}$

2 – The full moon has a magnitude of -12.6 while the brightness of the sun is about -26.7. How many magnitudes fainter is the moon than the sun?

Answer: $-12.6 - (-26.7) = -12.6 + 26.7 = \mathbf{+14.1 \text{ magnitudes fainter.}}$

3 – The faintest stars seen by astronomers with the Hubble Space Telescope is +30.0. How much fainter are these stars than the sun?

Answer: $+30.0 - (-26.7) = +30.0 + 26.7 = \mathbf{+56.7 \text{ magnitudes fainter.}}$

4 - Jupiter has a magnitude of -2.7 while its satellite, Callisto, has a magnitude of +5.7. How much fainter is the Callisto than Jupiter?

Answer: $+5.7 - (-2.7) = +5.7 + 2.7 = \mathbf{+8.4 \text{ magnitudes fainter than Jupiter.}}$

5 – Each step by 1 unit in magnitude equals a brightness change of 2.5 times. A star with a magnitude of +5.0 is 2.5 times fainter than a star with a magnitude of +4.0. Two stars that differ by 5.0 magnitudes are 100-times different in brightness. If Venus was observed to have a magnitude of +3.0 and the full moon had a magnitude of -12.0, how much brighter was the moon than Venus?

Answer: The magnitude difference between them is +15.0, since every 5 magnitudes is a factor of 100 fainter, +15.0 is equivalent to $100 \times 100 \times 100 = 1$ million times, so the moon is **1 million times brighter** than Venus.